**PÁGINA DE TÍTULO**

**TÍTULO**: Mama tuberosa

**TITLE**: Tuberous breast

**AUTORES:**

Joana Simões da Silva

Médica Interna de Medicina Geral e Familiar

USF Águeda + Saúde

Paula Alves Teixeira

Médica Interna de Medicina Geral e Familiar

USF Águeda + Saúde

Maria Teresa Rosmaninho

Assistente Graduada de Medicina Geral e Familiar

Diretora de Internato de Medicina Geral e Familiar do núcleo Aveiro Sul

USF Águeda + Saúde

**SUBSÍDIOS OU BOLSAS**

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**ENDEREÇO PARA CORRESPONDÊNCIA:**

Joana Simões da Silva

USF Águeda + Saúde

Avenida Caloust Gulbenkian, 173

3750-102 Águeda

Telefone: +351912737136

E-mail: joanasimoess87@gmail.com

**TÍTULO BREVE**: Tuberous Breast

**TITLE**: Tuberous breast

A 22 year-old female patient, with no relevant medical history complained about the shape of her breasts, which had been the source of her low self-esteem since early adolescence. A physical examination revealed asymmetrical, tubular hypoplastic breasts and enlarged areolas (Fig. 1). The patient was referred to the Plastic Surgery Department of the referral hospital, where a diagnosis of type III tuberous breast was made and reconstructive surgery with (breast) implants was proposed (Fig. 2).

Tuberous breast is a rare deformity1 with onset at the beginning of pubertal growth1-3. The main signs are hypoplasia and tubular shape of the breast, which may be uni or bilateral, symmetric or asymmetric2,3. The diagnosis is clinical and the treatment is surgical. This pathology conveys a significant psychological burden, causing low self-confidence, anxiety, depression, peer rejection and psychosexual dysfunction1,3. Early diagnosis and surgical correction are key in the treatment and prevention of the psychological symptoms3.

**KEYWORDS**: Breast; Tuberous Breast; Plastic surgery

**IMAGES**

**1**



**2**



**3**

**4**

**5**

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**6**

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**LEGENDS**

Figure 1: Preoperative tuberous breast

Figure 2: Periareolar surgical correction and subfascial breast augmentation with anatomical textured implants (size 255 cc).

Figure 3: Preoperative tuberous breast – lateral view

Figure 4: Periareolar surgical correction and subfascial breast augmentation with anatomical textured implants (size 255 cc) – lateral view.

Figure 5: Preoperative tuberous breast – lateral view

Figure 6: Periareolar surgical correction and subfascial breast augmentation with anatomical textured implants (size 255 cc) – lateral view.